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Exploring the use of 360-degree videos in immersive journalism

Abstract

This research endeavors to go through the utilization of 360-degree videos inside the domain of immersive news coverage. Through an intriguing approach mixing angles of media studies about innovation, and news coverage morals, the study looks for viability, challenges, and moral contemplations related to the integration of 360-degree videos in immersive journalistic practices. This study utilizes a mixed-methods approach to explore the effect of 360-degree videos in immersive news coverage. Quantitative strategies like online surveys were applied. Subjective methods such as observational studies offer more profound experiences. Necessarily to the considered plan are moral contemplations counting educated assent and member secrecy. Also, a systematic literature review contextualizes discoveries within existing research. Eventually, the study tries to contribute to the advancing scene of advanced news coverage for the capable execution of immersive innovations in journalistic narration.

Keywords: Immersive journalism, 360-degree videos, Emotional responses, Audience engagement, Ethical considerations

Introduction

Immersive news coverage, fueled by innovations such as 360-degree videos, speaks to a noteworthy advancement within the realm of narration, because it takes gatherings of people specifically into the heart of news programs, showing a captivating involvement like never before. However, to leave a significant effect and complexity of this immersive medium, an intensive and precise examination is essential.

This study sets out on a dual investigation: one that goes through the current scene of immersive news coverage and another that gazes into its promising future. At first, it points of an existing practices and discernments encompassing immersive journalistic content. By communicating with people through organized and observational studies, we look to notice their levels of engagement, believe in the broadcasted news and passionate reactions evoked by 360-degree videos. These quantitative and qualitative strategies will serve as our focal point, directing us through the labyrinth of opinions and inclinations of people.

Besides, we expect the development of patterns and innovative advancements that may rethink the scene of immersive narration. Moreover, we stay mindful of moral contemplations. By proactively tending to moral predicaments and grasping dependable practices, we point to maintaining the judgment and validity of immersive news coverage.

Through this comprehensive research, we yearn to supply invaluable knowledge that not only sheds light on the current situation of immersive news coverage but also enlightens a way forward. By combining quantitative information with news stories, we endeavor to paint an encompassing representation of immersive news coverage. Eventually, our objective is twofold: to extend our understanding of how immersive news coverage resounds with gatherings of people and to enable writers and storytellers with the information and instruments required to explore this ever-evolving computerized landscape with confidence and integrity.

Regardless of all these aspects, no research has been conducted on the specific study area of exploring the use of 360-degree videos in immersive journalism. Therefore, the objective of this study is to fill the gap by answering the following research questions.

- 1. Apart from gaming platforms, to what extent the 360-degree videos have succeeded in persuading the audience with their unique format?
- 2. What strategies can be applied by journalists in order to ensure inclusivity and accessibility in the production and consumption of 360-degree videos?

Review of Literature

Studies focusing on the integration of 360-degree videos in news coverage have lit up different aspects of this inventive medium. Central to these examinations is the significant immersive involvement managed to audience, permitting them to effectively explore inside the environment. Such interactivity cultivates increased engagement but moreover encourages a more profound comprehension and maintenance of the displayed data. Besides, analysts have the capacity to bring out sympathy and passionate reverberation from 360-degree videos, especially compelling in depicting complex or delicate themes. The capacity to put viewers specifically inside the scene, empowering them to encounter occasions from different points of view, can cultivate a more grounded association to the subject matter. For occasion, immersive detailing on compassionate emergencies or natural atmospheres can inspire a visceral reaction, provoking viewers to empathize with those influenced and possibly galvanizing activity or support.

Along with these points of interest, challenges have risen, including specialized obstacles in generation, concerns with respect to viewer engagement and movement affliction, and moral contemplations encompassing assent, protection, and substance control. The generation of high-quality 360-degree videos requires specialized gear and skill, which may posture obstructions for writers and news organizations with restricted assets. Besides, the immersive nature of this medium can inspire physical distress in a few viewers, especially if content contains quick developments or unexpected moves. Guaranteeing an adjustment between engagement and client consolation is significant for maximizing the adequacy of 360-degree news coverage.

Despite these impediments, researchers have gone through the potential for interactivity to improve viewers' engagement, but with an imperative accentuation on consistent client encounters. Components such as permitting viewers to select their way through a story or take an interest in virtual storytelling can extend their concentration and cultivate a formal sense. Additionally, immersive experience requires cautious thought of convenience and openness, as excessively complex interfaces or confusing routes can diminish from the overall user experience.

Also, examinations into audience inclinations and appropriation rates have shed light on the nuanced variables forming the gathering of 360-degree news coverage. Age socioeconomics, innovative proficiency, and earlier introduction to virtual reality all play parts in deciding how audiences consume the immersive content. Understanding these preferences is significant for writers and news organizations who use 360-degree videos as a narrative instrument.

Collectively, these studies emphasize the advancing scene of immersive news coverage, calling advanced requests into its effect on narration, journalistic practices, and audience elements. As innovation proceeds to develop and groups of viewers become progressively accustomed to immersive encounters, the potential for 360-degree videos to inform, educate and entertain proceeds to develop. By tending to the challenges and moral contemplations in this medium, writers can saddle its full potential to provide compelling and impactful narrative experiences.

Methodology

Aim

This research aims to go through the utilization of 360-degree videos inside the domain of immersive news coverage.

Data Collection Technique

In exploring the utilization of 360-degree videos in news coverage, a multifaceted data collection approach has been embraced by mixing qualitative and quantitative techniques. Overviews serve as an essential device for measuring a group of viewer recognitions, behaviors, and inclinations concerning to immersive journalistic content. In the meantime, subjective experiences from industry experts, witnessing challenges, openings, and advancing practices in immersive narration. This study explores the 360-degree journalistic content, revealing account designs, topical components, and narration techniques utilized by writers and news organizations. Observational studies, counting eye-tracking and behavioral perception, give coordinate experiences into group of viewer engagement levels and passionate reactions amid immersive experiences. Focus groups encourage nuanced dialogs among members, inspiring different perspectives and revealing fundamental inspirations. Also, client testing offers important criticism on convenience, substance plan, and by-and-large client encounters through hands-on interaction with models. Making use of auxiliary information enhances discoveries by existing literature and authentic points of view. This comprehensive approach guarantees an

exhaustive investigation of the wonder, empowering analysts to circulate information sources and pick up a nuanced understanding of immersive journalism's effect and potential.

Method of Sampling

In the online research about the use of 360-degree videos in news coverage, different testing methods were utilized to enlist members from the web. A questionnaire was conducted where members were chosen based on their openness and eagerness to take an interest. This included choosing members through social media stages, online gatherings, or mailing records pertinent to news coverage, media studies, or virtual reality devotees. Moreover, standard examination was done to realize a corresponding representation inside the test, such as age, gender, instruction level, or geographic area. All through these exercises, cautious thought was given in order to ensure the legitimacy and generalizability of the discoveries within the research on 360-degree videos in news coverage.

Data Analysis

In analyzing the information collected through Google Forms, a few steps were attempted. Firstly, the reactions from members were compiled into a spreadsheet format, permitting for simple organization and control of the information. Also, quantitative information received from multiple-choice questions, were analyzed. Graphic measurements, counting frequencies, were calculated to summarize participants' responses, inclinations, and behaviors with respect to immersive journalistic content.

study Ouantitative examination of the reactions demonstrates that 47.3% of participants see 360-degree videos as immersive, with high levels of interest in encountering immersive journalistic content. Moreover, they express an inclination for

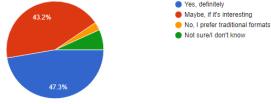
Moreover, they express an inclination for immersive narrative methods that upgrade their understanding and enthusiastic association to news stories. Particular points, such as helpful emergencies or natural issues, are distinguished

The varieties in demeanors and behaviors toward 360-degree videos are also uncovered, with young generation and those with earlier introduction to virtual reality advances showing more noteworthy eagerness and engagement. 68.9% of participants have seen the 360-degree videos as a source of entertainment.

New: Documentar -18 (24.3%) -51 (68.9%) Entertainme None (1.4%)human body 1% Not watched Haven't watched .4% College tour 1% laven't seer Sports (1.4%)1 (1 4%) Travel 1.4% No Particular places like a muse. 1(1.4%)20 40 60

Subjective investigation of open-ended responses highlights the potential of 360-degree videos to inspire compassion and enthusiastic reverberation, especially in depicting complex or delicate points. Around 50% of the individuals would be curious about consuming the news

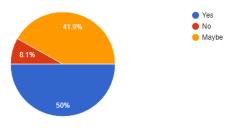




content in 360-degree format. They emphasize the significance of genuineness, straightforwardness, and journalistic integrity in immersive storytelling practices. Ethical considerations, such as consent, security, and content manipulation, develop as basic concerns

within the generation and utilization of immersive journalistic content.

All through the information, cautious consideration was paid to keep up the thoroughness of the research, guaranteeing that elucidations were grounded within the responses received from participants. By



combining quantitative and subjective approaches, a comprehensive understanding of the use of 360-degree videos in news coverage was accomplished, shedding light on a group of viewers' perceptions, behaviors, and inclinations within the domain of immersive narration.

Conclusion

The conclusion of the study uncovers important bits of knowledge into audience discernment, inclinations, and behaviors concerning immersive narration within the journalistic setting. Through the investigation of both quantitative and subjective information, a few key discoveries have developed.

All through the information, cautious consideration was paid to keep up the thoroughness of the research, guaranteeing that elucidations were grounded within the responses received from participants. By combining quantitative and subjective approaches, a comprehensive understanding of the use of 360-degree videos in news coverage was accomplished, shedding light on a group of viewers' perceptions, behaviors, and inclinations within the domain of immersive narration.

The discoveries from the study emphasize the developing noteworthiness of 360-degree videos as an effective device for immersive narration in news coverage. Public openness to immersive methods, coupled with their capacity to improve understanding and cultivate sympathy, recommends promising openings for the integration of 360-degree videos into journalistic practices. Moral contemplations and innovative boundaries must be carefully explored to ensure the mindful and compelling use of immersive narration strategies within the future of news coverage. Generally, this study contributes important insights to the advancing scene of immersive news coverage, advising future practices and development within the field.

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